What are going on:

a) Facilitation of citizen groups in Mongla port town
b) Facilitation of women fisher-folk association
c) Facilitation of 12 women groups in the belt of the Bay of Bengal and Sundarbans
d) Collective actions against the land, water-bodies, forest and river grabbing, as well as violence against women and girls.

From 01 April 2019 to 30 March 2020, the programme was supported by Earth Journalism Network and Internews Network. Later on, UNOPS and Cities Alliance financed the programme from July 2020 to April 2021.

Working areas:
Kuakata, Mongla and Rampal upazila

Badabon Sangho
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Summary:
Under the ‘Women’s Action for Climate Justice’ programme, Badabon Sangho’s objective is to build the capacity of the women group members’ by mobilizing, organizing, building feminist leadership, collective actions, and advocacy in response to climate change and environmental pollution. On the other hand, the key strategy has been educating the local human rights activists, journalists, and citizens with information and evidence on the negative consequences of climate change and thermal power plant establishment in the southeast region of Bangladesh. Furthermore, the groups are working for shaping the resilience plan by engaging with the public authorities based on data and evidence.

Target groups:
Youth, Human Rights Activists, Women Leaders, Journalists, Private Actors, Teachers, Forest Officials, Municipalities’ Authorities, Coast Guard, Land Officials, Fisheries Officials, and Cooperative Officials.

What are outputs:
a) 06 women fisher-folk groups have been organized and are taking collective actions.
b) One (1) Women Fisher-folk Association (44 members) is formed and functioning.
c) 96 teachers, 72 human rights activists, and 216 local elected bodies received training on “How Women are more Vulnerable in Climate Change Setting”.
d) 72 journalists received orientation on “Women’s Vulnerability in Climate Change”.
e) Three (3) press clubs-based journalists are brought under a network for environmental journalism.
f) 10 digital maps and climate resilience plans are developed in Mongla Port and Kuakata Municipalities’ slums.